Search History

=> d his

HEAPLUS, FAPZO, FISPEC, NEPPARKU 10/16/2007

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:26:01 ON 17 OCT 2007)

FILE 'HCAPLUS, INSPEC, JAPIO, USPATFULL, USPATOLD, USPAT2' ENTERED AT 14:26:47 ON 17 OCT 2007

L1 148 S (CRYSTAL?) (8A) (MELAMINE (8A) MELT# OR MELAMINE (8A) LIQUID#)

L2 2920057 S (COOL? OR REFRIGERAT?)

L3 918970 S (BELOW RO UNDER OR BENEATH OR DECREAS? OR LOWER? OR REDUC?) (8

L4 1050 S (SPRAY?(8A)MELAMINE)

L5 828389 S (CO2 OR CARBON(W) DIOXIDE)

=> s 11 and 12 and 13 and 14 and 15

L6 4 L1 AND L2 AND L3 AND L4 AND L5

=> d 16 1-4 abs, bib

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN

The invention relates to a method for producing melem-free melamine by means of aqueous processing of a melted mass of melamine which is obtained using a high-pressure method. According to the inventive method, the melted mass of melamine is quenched by means of an aqueous solution containing alkalis, following the isolation of the off-gases, and is directly transferred into an aqueous alkaline melamine solution, out of which the melamine is then crystallized. The invention thus enables melamine to be obtained, with a melam content of less than 1000 ppm and a melem content of less than 50 ppm. The invention also relates to a quenching agent.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AN 2005:152314 USPATFULL

TI Method for roducing melem-free melamine and queching agents

IN Schroder, Frank, Albrechtshain, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

Ruech, Wolfgang, Taiskirchen, AUSTRALIA Neumuller, Christoph, Linz, AUSTRALIA Koglgruber, Ferdinand, Linz, AUSTRALIA Wagner, Hans Christian, Wien, AUSTRALIA

PI US 2005131228 A1 20050616

US 7176309 B2 20070213 AI US 2003-495619 A1 20021114 (10)

WO 2002-DE4251 20021114

PRAI AT 2001-1807 20011116 DE 2003-102 20020625

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP CHRISTIE, PARKER & HALE, LLP, PO BOX 7068, PASADENA, CA, 91109-7068, US

CLMN Number of Claims: 12 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 1 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 358

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN

AB The invention relates to multicrystalline melamine powder having the following properties:

specific surface area: 0.7-5 m.sup.2/q

content of oxygen-containing components<0.7 weight %

APHA colour less than 17

melam: higher than 1.5 weight %

14/541,746 14903 (02/08/2006) IDS (08/09/2005) IDS (09/25/0007) Examper's Notes

Amendment to Specification

Page 1, after the title, please insert the followings:

Por/NLO4/00062 02/28/2004, which designated the 26.5 and claims benefit of NL 102264, dated 24 Fabruary 2003, the entire contest of which is hereby incorporated by reference

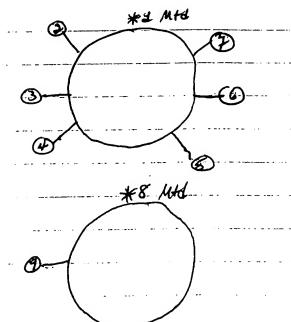
Elenstaltis? or constation of constation of belanine (b) liquides

S (coo!? or refrigerat?)

S (below or under or beneath or decreas? or lower? or reduc?) (ba) (temperature of ferrors)

S (spray? (8a) melanine)

S (coo or componed diopide)



The invention further relates to amino-formaldehyde resin in which multicrystalline melamine with a melam content higher than 1.5 weight % is used.

```
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
ΑN
       2003:24314 USPATFULL
TI
       Crystalline melamine and its use in amino-formaldehyde resins
TN
       Aarts, Veronika M.L.J., Beek, NETHERLANDS
       Tjioe, Tjay T., Sittard, NETHERLANDS
       Liekelema, Koert, Beek, NETHERLANDS
                           A1 20030123
ΡI
       US 2003018158
       US 6706856
                           B2
                               20040316
ΑT
       US 2002-136447
                          A1
                               20020502 (10)
       Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2000-NL715, filed on 5 Oct 2000, UNKNOWN
RLT
PRAI
       NL 1999-1013456 19991102
DT
       Utility
       APPLICATION
FS
LREP
       PILLSBURY WINTHROP, LLP, P.O. BOX 10500, MCLEAN, VA, 22102
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 9
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 491
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
1.6
     ANSWER 3 OF 4 USPAT2 on STN
AΒ
       The invention relates to a method for producing melem-free melamine by
       means of aqueous processing of a melted mass of melamine which is
       obtained using a high-pressure method. According to the inventive
       method, the melted mass of melamine is quenched by means of an aqueous
       solution containing alkalis, following the isolation of the off-gases,
       and is directly transferred into an aqueous alkaline melamine solution,
       out of which the melamine is then crystallized. The invention thus
       enables melamine to be obtained, with a melam content of less than 1000
       ppm and a melem content of less than 50 ppm. The invention also relates
       to a quenching agent.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AN
       2005:152314 USPAT2
TI
       Method for producing melem-free melamine and quenching agents
TN
       Schroder, Frank, Albrechtshain, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF
       Ruech, Wolfgang, Taiskirchen, AUSTRIA
       Neumuller, Christoph, Linz, AUSTRIA
       Koglgruber, Ferdinand, Linz, AUSTRIA
       Wagner, Hans Christian, Vienna, AUSTRIA
PΑ
       AMI - Agrolinz Melamine International GmbH, Linz, AUSTRIA (non-U.S.
       corporation)
PΤ
       US 7176309
                               20070213
       WO 2003045927 20030605
AΤ
       US 2002-495619
                               20021114 (10)
       WO 2002-DE4251
                               20021114
                               20041104
                                        PCT 371 date
PRAI
      AT 2001-1807
                           20011116
       DE 2002-10229100
                           20020625
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Balasubramanian, Venkataraman
LREP
       Christie, Parker & Hale, LLP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 12
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 371
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
```

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 4 USPAT2 on STN

AB Multicrystalline melamine powder having a specific area of from 0.7-5 m.sup.2/g, content of oxygen-containing components of less than 0.7 wt %, an APHA colour less than 17 and a melam content higher than 1.5 wt %. The multicrystalline melamine powder may be used in amino-formaldehyde resins.

```
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       2003:24314 USPAT2
ΑN
ΤI
       Crystalline melamine and its use in amino-formaldehyde resins
ΙN
       Aarts, Veronika M. L. J., Beek, NETHERLANDS
       Tjioe, Tjay T., Sittard, NETHERLANDS
       Liekelema, Koert, Beek, NETHERLANDS
PΑ
       DSM N.V., Heerlen, NETHERLANDS (non-U.S. corporation)
ΡI
       US 6706856
                           B2 20040316
ΑI
       US 2002-136447
                               20020502 (10)
       Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2000-NL715, filed on 5 Oct 2000
RLI
PRAI
       NL 1999-1013456
                          19991102
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Truong, Duc
LREP
       Pillsbury Winthrop LLP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 12
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 485
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
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Page 1 of 1

10/17/3007

# **Refine Search**

## Search Results -

Terms	Documents
WO-9620933-A1.did.	0

US Pre-Grant Publication Full-Text Database **US Patents Full-Text Database** US OCR Full-Text Database Database: **EPO Abstracts Database** JPO Abstracts Database **Derwent World Patents Index** IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletins L3

Search:

Recall Text =

Clear

Refine Search

Interrupt

## **Search History**

DATE: Wednesday, October 17, 2007 **Purge Queries** Printable Copy Create Case

Set Name side by side	Query	Hit Count	Set Name result set
DB=EPAB; PL	UR=YES; $OP=OR$		
<u>L3</u>	WO-9620933-A1.did.	(	0 <u>L3</u>
DB=PGPB, US	PT, USOC, EPAB, JPAB, DWPI, TDBD; P	LUR=YES; OP=OR	
<u>L2</u>	9620933		1 <u>L2</u>
<u>L1</u>	9620933		1 <u>L1</u>

**END OF SEARCH HISTORY** 

## First Hit

### **End of Result Set**

L1: Entry 1 of 1

File: DWPI

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Jul 11, 1996

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 1996-333926

DERWENT-WEEK: 199633

COPYRIGHT 2007 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

TITLE: Manufacture of melamine from urea uses increased system pressure - for easier recovery of melamine, carbamate and ammonia, the melamine product can be

formed as aq soln free of solids for easier handling

INVENTOR: LEE, J M

PATENT-ASSIGNEE: LEE J M (LEEJI)

PRIORITY-DATA: 1995WO-US00036 (January 3, 1995)

		Search Selected	Search ALL	Clear	
PATI	ENT-FAMILY:				
	PUB-NO	PUB-DATE	LANGUAGE	PAGES	MAIN-IPC
	WO 9620933 A1	July 11, 1996	E	020	C07D251/60
П	<u>AU 9515972 A</u>	July 24, 1996		000	C07D251/60

DESIGNATED-STATES: AT AU BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CZ DE DK ES FI GB GE HU JP KP KR KZ LK LU MG MN MW MX NL NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SK UA US UZ VN AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL OA PT SE

CITED-DOCUMENTS:US 3682911; US 4156080 ; US 4565867

### APPLICATION-DATA:

PUB-NO	APPL-DATE	APPL-NO	DESCRIPTOR
WO 9620933A1	January 3, 1995	1995WO-US00036	
AU 9515972A	January 3, 1995	1995AU-0015972	
AU 9515972A	January 3, 1995	1995WO-US00036	
AU 9515972A		WO 9620933	Based on

INT-CL (IPC): B01D 3/00; C07D 251/60

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: WO 9620933A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

A process for manufacturing melamine from urea. Urea (12) and fluidising ammonia are fed to a reactor (14) at a pressure from 1.4 MPa to 2.0 MPa and a temperature which substantially converts the urea in the presence of a catalyst to melamine and forms an effluent stream of melamine, ammonia and carbon dioxide. This stream is quenched to form a vapour-liquid mixture, free of solids, and this is separated into a concentrated aqueous melamine product stream free of solids, ammonia and carbon

dioxide and a high pressure vapour stream free of urea and melamine. The high pressure vapour stream is contacted with an aqueous ammonia stream in an absorption zone (71) refluxed with liquid ammonia to from a conc. aqueous ammonium carbamate stream and an overhead ammonia vapour stream free of carbon dioxide. This is condensed to form a liquid ammonia stream and a portion is vapourised to form the fluidising ammonia for the reactor. Also claimed is apparatus for manufacturing melamine from urea.

USE - For manufacturing melamine from urea.

ADVANTAGE - The recovery of melamine, carbamate and ammonia is simplified by increasing the system pressure, and this also produces a carbamate solution suitable for recycle to urea production without concentration. The melamine product can be formed as an aqueous solution free of solids for easier handling.

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: WO 9620933A EQUIVALENT-ABSTRACTS:

CHOSEN-DRAWING: Dwg.1/1

DERWENT-CLASS: A41 E13

CPI-CODES: A01-E01; E07-D13A; E11-Q01;